



## The IMPACT (Identifying and Motivating youth who mostly need Physical ACtivity) project: Aims, strategies, first results

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# The "IMPACT" methodology



Monitoring of physical activity levels

Educate PE teachers

PE teachers receive reports about students who mostly need physical activity

PE teachers apply specific strategies to promote students' outof-school physical activity





## Delivering webinars

- Five webinars were prepared, and the duration of each webinar was approximately 90 minutes.
- They were delivered via Big Blue Button between October 2018 and June 2019, to approx. 200 PE teachers from four countries (France, Greece, Italy and Turkey).
- Webinars were uploaded to IMPACT website in order to allow teachers to reach them whenever they need.





## Main topics and themes developed in the educational material

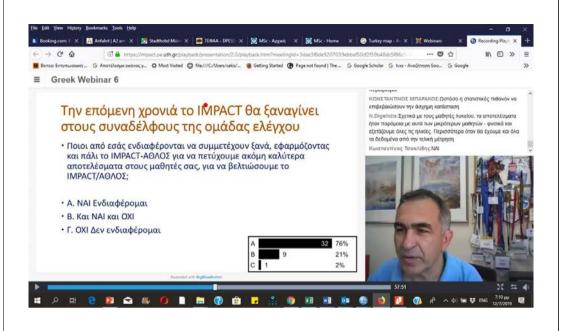
Webinar 1: Importance of PE to promote youth PA.

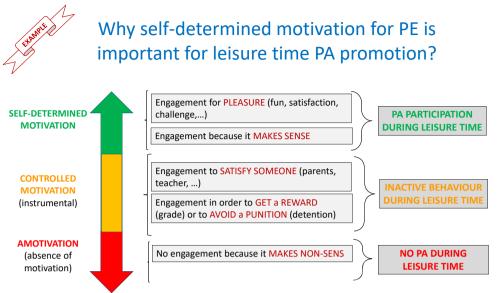
Webinar 2: Promoting PA through pleasant activities and mastery motivational climate in PE.

Webinar 3: Supporting autonomy and team spirit through goal setting.

Webinar 4: ATHLOS or TEAM PENTATHLON a program to promote out-of-school students' PA.

Webinar 5: Reviewing, reflecting, planning ideas for the dissemination of the best practice examples and developing a collaborative network among PE teachers and researchers around Europe.





Scel

#### Scenario 1: How to support students' autonomy?

How can you encourage students' autonomy in proposing enjoyable and worth-doing activities during school PE? Which strategies could you use to stimulate students' initiatives taking in PE?

#### Scenario 2: How to include all the students in the class?

A student doesn't want to take part in the warm-up session of the lesson, what would you do? What behavior would you adopt? Which strategies could you use?

#### Scenario 3: How can you encourage peer relatedness?

Think about a classroom in which boys and girls are not collaborating well and try to find a good practice to encourage peer relatedness.





# Background

Knowing PA PRACTICE, AFFECTIVE RESPONSE and INTENTIONS TO BE ACTIVE is of crucial importance to design interventions aimed to promote PA and to identify youth who mostly need to be supported (EU Commission, 2015; Lonsdale et al., 2017).











#### Aim

The purpose of this cross-sectional study was to assess levels of habitual practice, intentions to partake in leisure-time PA and positive and negative affect in adolescents from four Mediterranean countries, participating in the Erasmus+ project IMPACT.



## Methods - Participants

- 7547 students from France (n=530), Greece
   (n=2357), Italy (n=1998), and Turkey (n=2670);
- 52.7% girls
- mean age 13.8 ±2.1 years;
- 13.1% primary school, 36.7% secondary school, 50.2% high school







#### Co-funded by the Erasmus+ Programme of the European Union

#### Methods - Measures

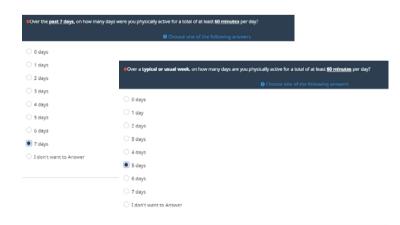


#### Methods - Measures

- 2-item screening measure for PA (Prochaska, Sallis & Long, 2001)
- 3-item on students' intentions to be active in their leisure time (Standage, Duda, & Ntoumanis, 2003)
- Physical Activity Enjoyment Scale (PACES, Motl et al., 2001)



- Average of the 2item
- Range 0-7
- In this example 6 is the final score.





## Methods - Measures





## Methods - Measures



LIMPACT

#### Students' INTENTIONS to be active in their leisure time

- Average of the 3-item
- Range 1-7

*During the next month								
Very Unlikely	Very Unlikely		Somewhat likely		Very Likely			
								I don't
I am determined to exercise/play active sports at least 3 times a week, 60 minutes each time.	0	· ·	э О	0	s •	0	0	Answer
I intend to exercise/play active sports at least 3 times a week, 60 minutes each time.								
I plan to exercise/play active sports at least 3 times a week, 60 minutes each time.								

#### PACES 12-item

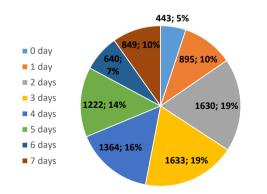
- Positive affects (6-item)
- Negative affects (6-item)
- Range of score 6-30 on each subscales

When I am active in Physical Education						
	Strongly Disagree	Disagree	Neutral	Agree	Strongly Agree	I don't want to Answer
I enjoy it.						
I feel bored.						
I dislike it.						
I find it pleasurable.						
It's no fun at all.						
It gives me energy.						
It's very pleasant.						
My body feels good.						
,,						

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## **Results**



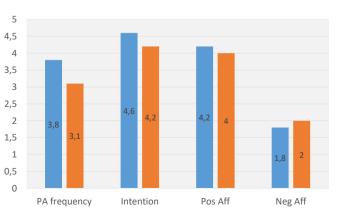


	N	Mean	SD
Habitual PA	8606	3.5	1.9
ntention	8012	4.4	2.0
Positive affect	8469	4.1	0.8
Negative affect	8374	1.9	0.9



# Results





■ Boy ■ Girl

- ✓ PA frequency (d = 0.38)
- ✓ Intention (d = 0.22)
- ✓ Pos Affect (d = 0.38)
- ✓ Neg Affect (d = 0.39)



### Results





### Results



4	U				
4	5				
	4				
3 5,0	3		5,0		
2 4,1 3,5 3,3 4,2 4,3 4,1 3,9	2		4,5	4,3 4,1 3,9	_
1	1				1,6 1,9 2,1
O PA frequency Intention Pos Aff Neg Aff	0	PA frequency	Intention	Pos Aff	Neg Aff

■ Primary ■ Middle ■ High

PA frequency (F=85.4; p<.001;  $\eta^2$ =.02) Intention (F=90.8; p<.001;  $\eta^2$ =.02) Pos Affect (F=133.3; p<.001;  $\eta^2$ =.03) Neg Affect (F= 160.3; p<.001;  $\eta^2$ =.04)

	Intention	Pos. affects	Neg. affects
PA frequency	.466**	.227**	159**
Intention		.284	235**
Pos. affects			639**

<sup>\*\*</sup>p<0.01.







## Conclusions and Implications

 As expected, findings highlight significant differences between girls and boys and between different age groups, and significant relationships between affects, intentions to be physically active and PA.

Results should be considered to improve the structure and the management of PA promotion interventions.

Eυχαριστούμε πολύ!
Merci beaucoup!
Grazie mille!
Muchas gracias!
Çok teşekkür ederim!
Vielen Dank!
Thank you very much!







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